

Leaders in the Old Testament

Adam & Eve (4004 B.C.¹)
 Noah (Flood 2348 B.C.)
 Abraham & Sarah (1946 B.C.)
 Isaac
 Jacob (Israel)
 Joseph (1715 B.C.)
 Moses, Aaron & Miriam (1491 B.C.)
 Joshua

Judges (1423 B.C.)

- 1) Othniel
- 2) Ehud
- 3) Shamgar
- 4) Deborah
- 5) Gideon
- 6) Abimelech
- 7) Tola
- 8) Jair
- 9) Jephthah
- 10) Ibzan
- 11) Elon
- 12) Abdon
- 13) Samson
- 14) Eli
- 15) Samuel

Kings (1000 B.C.)

Saul
 David (40 yrs) (good I Kg 15:5)
 Solomon (40 yrs) (good & evil I Kg 11:4)
(Ten tribes are rent from Solomon and given to Jeroboam because Solomon forsook Yahweh and bowed down to the elohims of his wives. This would occur after his death during the reign of his son Rehoboam I Kg. 11:29-39)

Kings of Judah

(II Chronicles)

(The lineage of David, from whom the Messiah would come)

(880 B.C.)

* *(walked in the ways of David)*

Rehoboam (17 yrs) (evil 12:14)

Abijah (3 yrs) (evil I Kg 15:3)

* Asa (41 yrs.) (good I Kg 15:11)

Jehoshaphat (25 yrs) (good 20:32)

Jehoram (8 yrs) (evil 21:12)

Ahaziah (1 yr) (evil 22:3)

(Ahaziah dies and Athaliah, his mother, destroys all the royal seed of Judah except Joash who was hidden from her for six years. She takes the throne. 22:10)

Athaliah (6 yrs) (evil 22:10)

Joash (40 yrs) (good & evil 24:2)

Amaziah (29 yrs) (good? 25:2)

Uzziah (52 yrs) (like Father 26:4)

Jotham (16 yrs) (like Father 27:2)

Ahaz (16 yrs) (good & evil 28:1)

* Hezekiah (29 yrs) (good 29:2)

Manasseh (55 yrs) (evil 33:2)

Amon (2 yrs) (evil 33:22)

* Josiah (31 yrs) (good 34:2)

Chapter 36

Jehoahaz (90 days)

Jehoiakim (11 yrs) (evil)

Jehoiachin (100 days) (evil)

Zedekiah (11 yrs) (evil)

(end of the kings)

Babylonian Captivity 477 BC

Nebuchadnezzar (Daniel)

Persian Captivity

Cyprus (Ezra)

Return to Judah

Ezra & Nehemiah

(Temple rebuilt 405 B.C.,

Passover 404 B.C.)

* Yahoshua (4 B.C.)

Kings of Israel

(I & II Kings)

(Samaria)

(880 B.C.)

Jeroboam (22 yrs) (evil 13:33)

Nadab (2 yrs) (evil 15:26)

(Baasha smote all the house of Jeroboam 15:29)

Baasha (24 yrs) (evil 15:34)

Elah (2 yrs) (evil 16:13)

(Zimri smote the house of Baasha 16:11)

Zimri (7 days) (16:15)

(Omri smote Zimri)

Omri (12 yrs) (evil 16:25)

Ahab (22 yrs) (evil 16:30)

Ahaziah (2 yrs) (evil 22:52)

Jehoram (12 yrs) (evil 2 Kg. 3:2)

(Jehu is anointed king by Yahweh and is ordered to smite the house of Ahab 10:11)

Jehu (28) (good & evil 10:28)

Jehoahaz (17 yrs) (evil 13:2)

Jehoash (16 yrs) (evil 13:11)

Jeroboam (41 yrs) (evil 14:24)

Zechariah (6 months) (evil 15:9)

(Shallum smote Zechariah the fourth generation of Jehu as prophesied 15:12)

Shallum (30 days)

(Menahem smote Shallum)

Menahem (10 yrs) (evil 15:18)

Pekahiah (2 yrs) (evil 15:24)

(Pekah smote Pekahiah)

Pekah (20 yrs) (evil 15:28)

(Hoshea smote Pekah)

Hoshea (9 yrs) (evil 17:2)

(Hoshea's Kingdom fell six years after Hezekiah began to rule Judah)

(End of the Kings of Israel)

Assyrian Captivity

(611 B.C.)

Shalmaneser

¹ E.W. Bullinger's 'Companion Bible' Appendix. 50

Prophets in the Old Testament

Abraham	Gen. 20:7	Isaiah (Is. 1:1)	Uzziah Jotham Ahaz Hezekiah	<p><u>Prophets that Propheesied in Unknown Time Periods</u></p> <p>Joel Obadiah Jonah Nahum Habakkuk Haggai Malachi</p> <p><u>Day of Yahweh</u> (Is a Subject of the Prophet)</p> <p>Isaiah (2:12, 13:6, 9, 58:13) Joel (1:15, 2:1, 11, 31,3:14) Zephaniah (1:7, 8, 14) Obadiah (1:15) Amos (5:18, 20)</p>
Moses	Deu. 34:10	Micah (Mi. 1:1)	Jotham Ahaz Hezekiah	
Aaron	Ex. 7:1			
Miriam	Ex. 15:20			
Deborah	Judges 4:4	Zephaniah (Zep. 1:1)	Josiah	
Samuel	I Sam. 3:20	Jeremiah & Ezekiel (Jer. 1:1-4)	Josiah Jehoahaz Jehoiakim Jehoiachin Zedekiah	
<u>Kings Addressed</u> (By the Prophets)		(The Captivity of Judah 70 yrs.)		
Samuel	Saul	<u>Periods</u>		
Gad	David			
Nathan	David			
(* Kings of Israel)		Daniel	Babylonian Kings Persian King	
Elijah (I Kgs. 17:1)	*Ahab Jehoram (2 Chron. 21:12)	(Rebuilding Jerusalem)		
Elisha (II Kg. 13:13-20)	*Ahab *Ahaziah *Jeroram *Jehu *Jehoahaz *Jehoash	Haggi (Ezra 5:1)	Darius (Hag. 1:1) Ezra	
Amos (Am. 1:1)	*Jeroboam Uzziah	Zechariah (Eza 5:1)	Darius (Zech. 1:1) Ezra	
Hosea (Hos. 1:1)	*Jeroboam Uzziah Jotham Ahaz Hezekiah			

Kings attacking prophets

<u>Kings</u>	<u>Prophets</u>	<u>Verse</u>
Asa	Hanani	2 Ch. 16:10
Ahab	Micaiah	1 Kg. 22:27
Saul	David	1 Sa. 18:28; 19:10
Ahab	Elijah	1 Kg. 18:22
Adonijah	Nathan	1 Kg. 18:10
Jeroboam	the prophet	1 Kg. 13:4
Baasha	Jehu	1 Kg. 16:7
Jehoram	Elijah	2 Ch. 21:9-12
Amaziah	a prophet	2 Ch. 25:15

Kings consulting prophets

<u>Kings</u>	<u>Prophets</u>	<u>Verse</u>
David	Samuel	1 Sa. 19
	Gad	1 Sa. 22:5; 2 Sa. 24:11
	Nathan	2 Sa. 12:1; 1 Kg. 1:23
Rehoboam	Shemaiah	2 Ch. 12:5
Asa	Oded	2 Ch. 15:8

APPENDIX 50. VIII.

50. VIII.

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL EVENTS.

B. C.¹
 4004 Adam created.
 3874 Seth b. "Adam begat a son in his own likeness" (Gen. 5. 3).
 3769 Enos b.
 3679 Cainan b.
 3609 Mahalaleel b.
 3544 Jared b.
 3382 Enoch b. "seventh from Adam" (Jude 14).
 3317 Methuselah b.
 3194 Adam's "day of grace" begins when he is 810 (Gen. 6. 3).
 3130 Lamech b.
 3074 Adam d. (930).
 3017 Enoch translated, fifty-seven years after Adam's d.
 2962 Seth d. (912).
 2948 Noah b.
 2864 Enos d. (905).
 2769 Cainan d. (910).
 2714 Mahalaleel d. (895).
 2582 Jared d. (962).
 2448 Japheth b.
 2447 Ham b.
 2446 Shem b. (Noah 502).
 2353 Lamech d. (777).
 2348 Methuselah d. (969) in the first month of the Flood year.
 2348 } The Flood year. (Noah's 600th year. Gen. 7. 6, 11).
 2347 }
 2346 Arphaxad b. "two years after the Flood".
 2311 Salah b.
 2281 Eber b.
 2247 Peleg b. "In his days the earth was divided" (Gen. 10. 25). See note on 50. II.
 2217 Reu b.
 2185 Serug b.
 2155 Nahor b.
 2126 Terah b.
 2056 Terah's "generations" begin with the b. of Haran.
 2008 Peleg d. (239).
 2007 Nahor d. (148).
 1998 Noah d. (950).
 1996 Abraham b. (1,992 years from the Nativity).
 1978 Reu d. (239).
 1955 Serug d. (230).
 1946? Abraham's First "Call", in Ur of the Chaldees (Acts 7. 2-4).
 1921 Terah d. (205). Abraham's Second "Call" (Haran). The 430 years of the sojourning begin. (See note on Gen. 12. 1, and Ap. 50. III).
 1920 } Abraham goes down into Egypt. Attempted de-
 to } struction of the Seed (see note on Gen. 12. 10,
 1912 } and Ap. 23).
 1911 } Abraham returns from Egypt.
 1911 Abraham (85) marries Hagar (Gen. 16. 3).
 1910 Ishmael b. (Abraham 86).
 1897 Covenant of Circumcision. (Abraham 99).
 1896 Isaac b. (Abraham 100).
 1891 Isaac becomes "the Seed" (Gen. 21. 10; 12. 7). Ishmael "cast out". The 400 years of Acts 7. 6 begin.
 1878 Salah d. (433).
 1863? Isaac (33) offered up.
 1859 Sarah d. (127). The only woman whose age is given in Scripture. For significance of this, cp. Gal. 4. In Sarah's age we have, allegorically, the period of duration of the Old Covenant.
 1856 Isaac (40) marries Rebekah.
 1846 Shem (Melchizedek?) d. '600. Abraham (150) marries Keturah?

B. C.
 1836 Jacob b. (Isaac 60).
 1821 Abraham d. (Isaac 75. Jacob 15).
 1817 Eber d. (464), outlives Abraham by four years.
 1812? The famine of Gen. 26. 1. The cause of sale of the birthright?
 1796 Esau (40) marries Hittite wives.
 1773 Ishmael d. (137. Jacob 63).
 1759 Jacob (77) gets the Blessing, and flees to Padan-aram.
 1758 His "servitude" begins.
 1752 His marriages.
 1751 Reuben b.
 1750 Simeon b.
 1749 Levi and Dan b.
 1748 Judah and Naphtali b.
 1747 Gad b.
 1746 Asher and Issachar b.
 1745 Zebulun and Dinah (twins?) and Joseph b.
 1742 Jacob's bargain about the cattle.
 1739 Jacob flees from Padan-aram.
 1738 " meets Esau.
 1737 " at Succoth.
 1736 " comes to Shechem.
 1732 Dinah raped. Another attempt to destroy the "Seed", by raising the country against the "tribe". (Cp. Gen. 34. 30; 35. 5; and see Ap. 23.)
 1731 Jacob at Beth-el.
 1728 Rachel d. Benjamin b. Reuben forfeits the birthright to Joseph (17), to whom it rightly belonged. (Cp. 1 Chron. 5. 1, 2.)
 1727 Joseph sold (18).
 1726 Jacob (110) joins his father Isaac (170) at Hebron (after a separation of thirty-three years).
 1717 Joseph (28) in Egypt. Interprets butler's dream.
 1716 Isaac d. (180. Jacob 120. Joseph 29).
 1715 Joseph (30) interprets Pharaoh's dream.
 1707 First year of the famine.
 1706 Second year of the famine. Jacob (130) goes down into Egypt. The 215 years of the sojourning in Egypt begin. (Half of the 430 years from Gen. 12. 4.)
 1705 Third year of the famine.
 1704 Fourth year of the famine.
 1703 Fifth year of the famine.
 1702 Sixth year of the famine.
 1701 Seventh year of the famine.
 1689 Jacob d. (147), after seventeen years in Egypt. (Joseph 56. Benjamin 39.)
 1635 Joseph d. (110).
 1612 Levi d. (137).
 1635 } Gap of sixty-four years from d. of Joseph to b. of
 1571 } Moses.
 1571 Moses b.
 1544 Joshua b. (Moses 27).
 1529 Caleb b.
 1491 The Exodus. 430 years from Gen. 12. 4, and 400 years from Gen. 21. 10.
 1490 The Tabernacle set up. This year the people should have entered the Land.
 1452 Miriam, Aaron, and Moses d.
 1451 Entry into the Land.
 1444 The "Wars of the Lord" end (Josh. 14. 15). Caleb 85. Joshua hands over the leadership to Eleazar.
 1444 } First Sabbatic year.
 1443 }
 1434 Joshua d. (110).

The six years of "Jacob's trouble" in the Land.

¹ That is, from the Common Era A. D.

APPENDIX 50. VIII: SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL EVENTS (cont.).

B. C.		Years	Years
1431	First servitude Mesopotamia		8
1423	Othniel	40	
1393	First Jubilee year (<i>Anno Dei</i> reckoning).		
1392			
1383	Second servitude Moab		18
1365	Ehud	80	
1285	Third servitude Canaan		20
1265	Barak	40	
1225	Fourth servitude Midian		7
1218	Gideon	40	
1178	Tola	23	
1155	Jair	4	
1151	Jephtiah	6 ¹	
1145	Ibzan	7	
1138	Elon	10	
1128	Abdon	8	
1120	Fifth servitude Philistine		40
		258	93
		==	==
1080	Eli, 40 years.		
1040	Samuel, 40 years.		
1020	The "Reformation". 1 Sam. 7.		
1000	Ends the 450 years of Acts 13. 20, and 490 years from the year they should have entered into the Land.		
1000	THE KINGDOM. Saul, 40 years.		
990	David b.		
974	David's first anointing (16).		
960	David, 40 years. Second anointing (30).		
953	David's third anointing (37).		
920	Solomon, 40 years.		
917	The Temple begun. 573 years after the Exodus. (Cp. Acts 13. 20-23).		
910	The Temple finished.		
897	At the end of twenty years, the "two houses" finished (1 Kings 9. 10).		
880	The Disruption. Rehoboam, 17 years.		
863	Abijam, 3 years.		
860	Asa, 41 years.		
819	Jehoshaphat, 25 years.		
796	Jehoram's accession.		
794	Jehoshaphat d.		
789	Ahaziah's accession.		
788	Ahaziah slain by Jehu.		
788	Gap, 6 years. Athallah's usurpation.		
782			
782	Jehoash, 41 years.		
743	Amaziah, 29 years.		
714	Amaziah ends.		
714	Gap, 13 years.		
701			
701	Uzziah, 52 years.		
687	Hosea's prophecies begin?		
	Uzziah d. <i>Isaiah's</i> vision in chap. 6.		
649	Gap. One year between Uzziah's death and Jotham's accession.		
647	Jotham, 16 years.		
634	<i>Micah's</i> prophecies begin?		
632	Ahaz, 16 years.		
617	Hezekiah's accession.		
616	Ahaz d.		
615	Hosea ends?		
613	Siege of Samaria begun.		
611	Samaria taken and Israel ends.		
603	Sennacherib invades Judah in the fourteenth year of Hezekiah (2 Kings 18. 13).		

¹ (300 years from the entry into the Land. See note on chart 50. iv.)

B. C.	
588	Manasseh, 55 years.
584	Isaiah killed? (Cp. Isa. 7. 6).
533	Amon, 2 years.
531	Josiah, 31 years.
530	<i>Zephaniah</i> ?
518	<i>Jeremiah's</i> prophecies begin in Josiah's thirteenth year.
513	The Book "found" and the Passover in Josiah's eighteenth year.
500	Jehoahaz, 3 months.
499	Jehoiakim, 11 years.
497	Nebuchadnezzar's first siege of Jerusalem.
496	Jehoiakim's fourth year, Nebuchadnezzar's first. <i>Daniel</i> taken to Babylon.
495	Jehoiakim burns the roll.
494	Nebuchadnezzar's second year. His dream of the Great Image. <i>Daniel</i> interprets.
489	Jehoiachin, 3 months. Captivity begins in Nebuchadnezzar's eighth year (second siege).
488	Zedekiah, 11 years.
484	<i>Ezekiel's</i> prophecies begin.
478	Nebuchadnezzar's third siege of Jerusalem begins. Jerusalem taken and Temple destroyed in Nebuchadnezzar's nineteenth year.
477	<i>Jeremiah</i> ends.
473	Punishment for the murder of Gedaliah (Jer. 52. 30).
462	<i>Ezekiel's</i> last dated prophecy.
461	Nebuchadnezzar's seven years of "madness".
454	
454	Twentieth year of Astiages (Artaxerxes). The commandment to rebuild Jerusalem. (See 50. vi, vii. 5, 12.) Nehemiah's first visit to Jerusalem.
452	Nebuchadnezzar d. after forty-four years' reign.
452	Evil-Merodach. Jehoiachin's captivity ends.
446	Nabonidus.
429	Belshazzar, 3 years.
	Belshazzar slain. "Darius the Median" (Astiages) takes the kingdom.
	Cyrus (Astiages' son) issues the Decree to rebuild the Temple.
426	<i>Daniel's</i> vision of the "seventy sevens". The "seven sevens" begin.
	Foundations of the Temple laid. Nehemiah's second visit to Jerusalem.
421	Cyrus ends.
418	Cambyses makes Nehemiah governor. Nehemiah's third visit to Jerusalem.
411	Darius Hystaspis re-enacts the decree of Cyrus.
410	<i>Haggai</i> and <i>Zechariah</i> begin. The Temple superstructure commenced and carried on to completion, from the second to the sixth year of Darius.
408	<i>Zechariah's</i> last date.
405	The Temple finished and dedicated. The "seven sevens" end, and the "sixty-two sevens" commence.
404	The Passover.
403	<i>Ezra's</i> last date: 1st of Nisan.
375?	Darius Hystaspis d. (according to Herodotus, 63 years old).
4	The Nativity.
A. D.	
0	The Common Era of A. D.
29	The "sixty-nine sevens" end with the "cutting off of the Messiah", 483 years from the "going forth of the Messiah", 483 years from the "going forth of the Messiah" in 454 B. C.
69	Destruction of Jerusalem by Titus.

Reading the Old Testament

Order of Chronological Events

- 1.) Genesis
- 2.) Exodus 1-20, 24, 32-34, 40
- 3.) Leviticus 8-10, 16, 23
- 4.) Numbers 9-14, 16-17, 20-21
- 5.) Deuteronomy 31-34
- 6.) Joshua 1-12, 23-24
- 7.) Judges
- 8.) 1 & 2 Samuel
- 9.) 1 & 2 Kings
- 10.) 2 Chronicles 36
- 11.) Daniel 1-6
- 12.) Nehemiah 1-6, 8-9, 13
- 13.) Ezra 1, 3-10
- 14.) Malachi 4

Recapitulation

- 1.) Deuteronomy
- 2.) 1 Chronicles 10-29
- 3.) 2 Chronicles
- 4.) Ruth
- 5.) Jonah